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HOUSE BILL 1560

State of Washington 58th Legislature 2003 Regular Session

By Representatives Hunt, Wallace, Armstrong, Miloscia, Schual-Berke, Rockefeller, Upthegrove, Hudgins, Kenney, Cody and Moeller

Read first time 01/30/2003. Referred to Committee on State Government.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to vote by mail due dates; and amending RCW
- 2 29.36.290, 29.36.310, 29.38.050, and 29.62.020.

- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- **Sec. 1.** RCW 29.36.290 and 2001 c 241 s 8 are each amended to read 5 as follows:
 - The county auditor shall send each absentee voter a ballot, a security envelope in which to seal the ballot after voting, a larger envelope in which to return the security envelope, and instructions on how to mark the ballot and how to return it to the county auditor. The larger return envelope must contain a declaration by the absentee voter reciting his or her qualifications and stating that he or she has not voted in any other jurisdiction at this election, together with a summary of the penalties for any violation of any of the provisions of this chapter. The return envelope must provide space for the voter to indicate the date on which the ballot was voted and for the voter to sign the oath. A summary of the applicable penalty provisions of this chapter must be printed on the return envelope immediately adjacent to the space for the voter's signature. The signature of the voter on the return envelope must affirm and attest to the statements regarding the

p. 1 HB 1560

qualifications of that voter and to the validity of the ballot. For out-of-state voters, overseas voters, and service voters, the signed declaration on the return envelope constitutes the equivalent of a voter registration for the election or primary for which the ballot has been issued. The voter must be instructed to either return the ballot to the county auditor by whom it was issued or attach sufficient first class postage, if applicable, and mail the ballot in time for delivery to the appropriate county auditor no later than the day of the election or primary for which the ballot was issued.

If the county auditor chooses to forward absentee ballots, he or she must include with the ballot a clear explanation of the qualifications necessary to vote in that election and must also advise a voter with questions about his or her eligibility to contact the county auditor. This explanation may be provided on the ballot envelope, on an enclosed insert, or printed directly on the ballot itself. If the information is not included, the envelope must clearly indicate that the ballot is not to be forwarded and that return postage is guaranteed.

- **Sec. 2.** RCW 29.36.310 and 2001 c 241 s 10 are each amended to read 20 as follows:
 - (1) If mailed, a ballot must be delivered to the office of the county auditor not later than the date of the primary or election.

 Otherwise, the ballot must be deposited at the office of the county auditor or the designated place of deposit not later than 8:00 p.m. on the date of the primary or election.
 - (2) The opening and subsequent processing of return envelopes for any primary or election may begin on or after the tenth day before the primary or election. The tabulation of absentee ballots must not commence until after 8:00 p.m. on the day of the primary or election.
 - $((\frac{1}{2}))$ (3) After opening the return envelopes, the county canvassing board shall place all of the ballots in secure storage until after 8:00 p.m. of the day of the primary or election. Absentee ballots that are to be tabulated on an electronic vote tallying system may be taken from the inner envelopes and all the normal procedural steps may be performed to prepare these ballots for tabulation.
- $((\frac{3}{3}))$ <u>(4)</u> Before opening a returned absentee ballot, the canvassing board, or its designated representatives, shall examine the

HB 1560 p. 2

postmark, statement, and signature on the return envelope that contains the security envelope and absentee ballot. They shall verify that the voter's signature on the return envelope is the same as the signature of that voter in the registration files of the county. registered voters casting absentee ballots, the date on the return envelope to which the voter has attested determines the validity, as to the time of voting for that absentee ballot if the postmark is missing or is illegible. For out-of-state voters, overseas voters, and service voters, the date on the return envelope to which the voter has attested determines the validity as to the time of voting for that absentee ballot.)) For any absentee ballot, a variation between the signature of the voter on the return envelope and the signature of that voter in the registration files due to the substitution of initials or the use of common nicknames is permitted so long as the surname and handwriting are clearly the same.

Sec. 3. RCW 29.38.050 and 2001 c 241 s 19 are each amended to read as follows:

The voter shall return the ballot to the county auditor in the return identification envelope. If mailed, a ballot must be ((postmarked)) delivered to the office of the county auditor not later than the date of the primary or election. Otherwise, the ballot must be deposited at the office of the county auditor or the designated place of deposit not later than 8:00 p.m. on the date of the primary or election.

- **Sec. 4.** RCW 29.62.020 and 1999 c 259 s 4 are each amended to read 26 as follows:
 - (1) At least every third day after a special election, primary, or general election and before certification of the election results, except Sundays and legal holidays, the county auditor shall convene the county canvassing board or their designees to process absentee ballots and canvass the votes cast at that special election, primary, or general election, if the county auditor is in possession of more than twenty-five ballots that have yet to be canvassed. The county auditor may use his or her discretion in determining when to convene the canvassing board or their designees during the final four days before

p. 3 HB 1560

the certification of election results in order to protect the secrecy of any ballot.

Each absentee ballot previously not canvassed that was received by the county auditor two days or more before the convening of the canvassing board or their designees and that either was received by the county auditor before the closing of the polls on the day of the special election, primary, or general election for which it was issued, or that ((bears a date of mailing)) was mailed and delivered to the county auditor on or before the date of the special election, primary, or general election for which it was issued, must be processed at that time. The tabulation of votes that results from that day's canvass must be made available to the general public immediately upon completion of the canvass.

- (2) On the tenth day after a special election or a primary and on the fifteenth day after a general election, the canvassing board shall complete the canvass and certify the results. Each absentee ballot that was returned before the closing of the polls on the date of the primary or election for which it was issued, and each absentee ballot ((with a date of mailing)) that was mailed and delivered to the county auditor on or before the date of the primary or election for which it was issued ((and received on or before the date on which the primary or election is certified)), shall be included in the canvass report.
- (3) At the request of any caucus of the state legislature, the county auditor shall transmit copies of all unofficial returns of state and legislative primaries or elections prepared by or for the county canvassing board to either the secretary of the senate or the chief clerk of the house.

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HB 1560 p. 4